

Certificate

Certified Passive House component

for cool, temperate climate, valid until 31.12.2013

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
GERMANY

Category: **Curtain Wall**
 Manufacturer: **Schüco International KG**
33609 Bielefeld, GERMANY
 Product name: **FW 50+.SI PH zert. (Alu Anpressl.)**

The following comfort criteria were used in awarding this certificate:

Given a U_g value of $0,7 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$ and an element size of 1.23 m by 2.50 m ,

$$U_{CW} = 0,80 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K}) \leq 0.80 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$$

Taking into account the installation based thermal bridges, and provided that the installation is, with regard to the thermal bridges, equal or better than shown in the data sheet, the facade meets the following criterion.

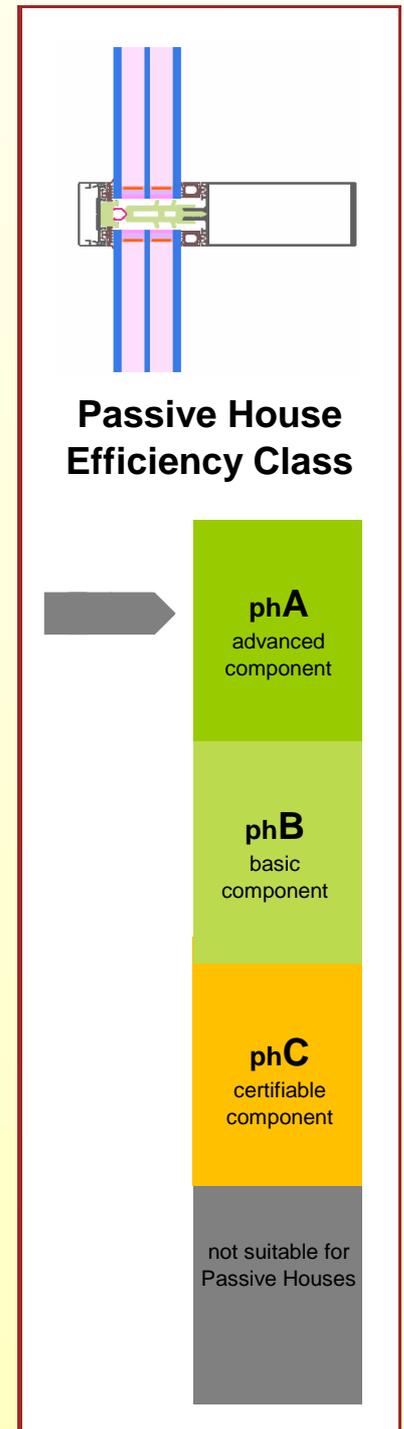
$$U_{CW, \text{eingebaut}} \leq 0.85 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$$

Thermal data of the construction

	U_f -value [W/(m ² K)]	Width [mm]	Ψ_g [W/(mK)]	$f_{R_{si}=0,2}$ [-]
Spacer	Swisspacer V*			
Transom (t)	0,84	50	0,036	0,82
Mullion (m)	0,85	50	0,036	
Thermal glass carrier bridge χ_{GT} [W/K]:				0,014

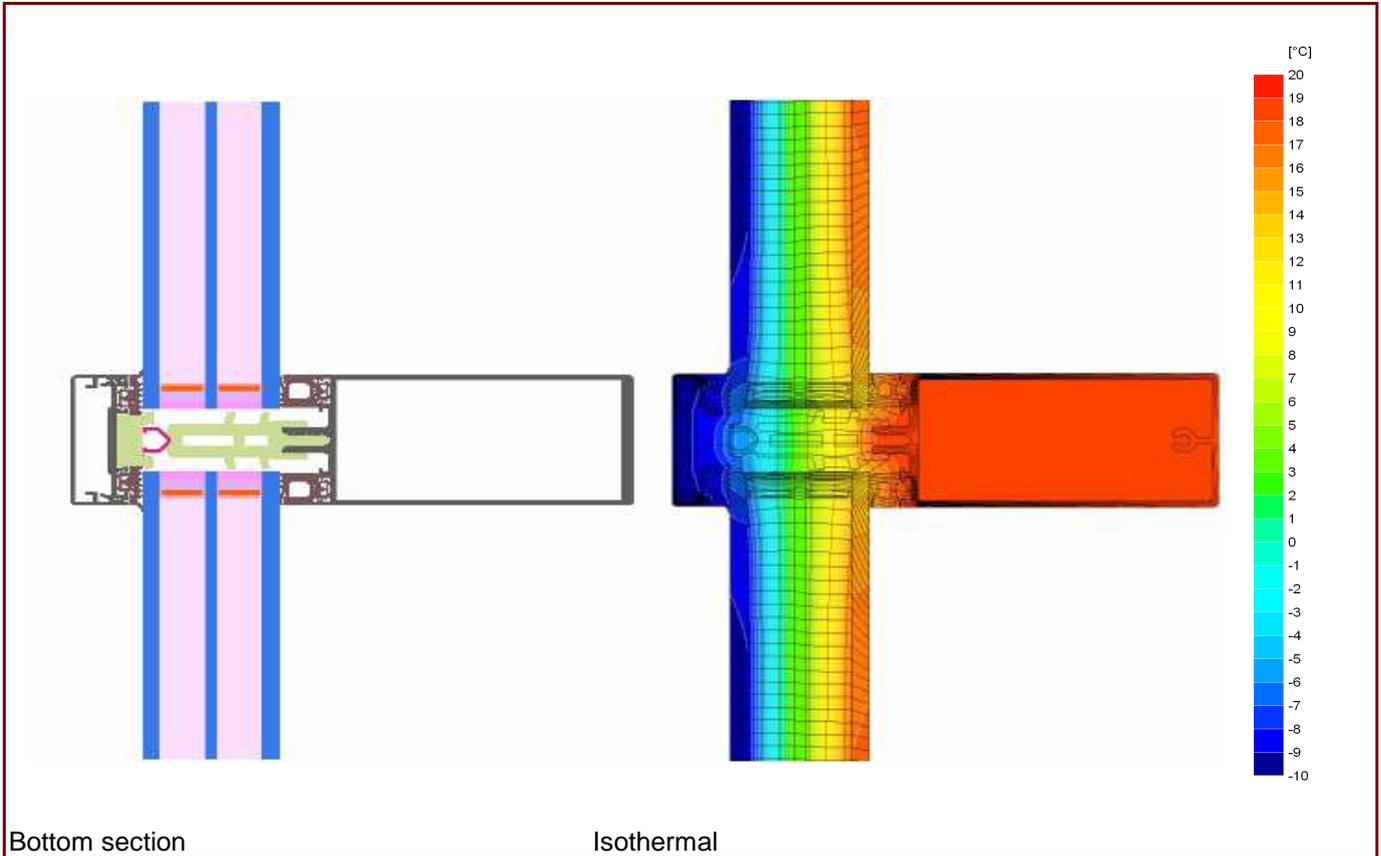
*Spacers of lower thermal quality, especially those made of aluminium, lead to significantly higher thermal losses and lower temperature factors.

Further information see data sheet



Data Sheet Schüco International KG, FW 50+.SI PH zert. (Alu Anpressl.)

Manufacturer Schüco International KG
 33609 Bielefeld, GERMANY
 Tel.: +49 (0) 521 783 0
 www.schueco.de



Description

Aluminium construction, Aluminium covering-strip. Alu ressure-strip, inside covered by reflecting Aluminium foil. PE-foam insulator in the glazing rebate, stainless steel glass-carrier. Used Pane: 48 mm (6/16/4/16/6), intersection of the Glass: 13 mm. Used spacer: Swisspacer V

Thermal data

	U_f -value [W/(m ² K)]	Width [mm]	Ψ_g [W/(mK)]	$f_{Rsi=0.20}$ [-]
Spacer	Swisspacer V*			
Transom (t)	0,84	50	0,036	0,82
Mullion (m)	0,85	50	0,036	
Opening element				
-				
Thermal glass carrier bridge χ_{GT} [W/K]:				0,014
1: Includes $\Delta U = 0,17$ W/(m ² K), Determined by measurement (ift)				
2: Determined by 3D thermal flux simul. (PHI)				

Depending on the thermal losses through opaque elements, windows are categorised in to efficiency classes. These thermal losses include the losses through the frame, multiplied by its width, the thermal bridge at the edge bond as well as the length of the edge bond. Please ask the manufacturer for a detailed report.

* Spacers of lower thermal quality leading to higher thermal losses and lower temperatures.